DT20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 1 1 AUG 2005

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Docket No.: 392.1530

THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the Application of:

RECEIVED

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

MAY 1 8 2004

Serial No. 08/973,424 Group Art Unit: Unknown

Confirmation No. Unknown

Filed: December 8, 1997 Examiner: Unknown

For: SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

PETITION REQUESTING U.S. PTO TO LOCATE FILE AND ISSUE FILING RECEIPT

Attention: Office of Petitions Commissioner for Patents PO Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

As will be apparent from the Declaration of Applicant's counsel's manager of the docketing department, Mr. Victor Del Rio, the application was received by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on December 8, 1997 and assigned Serial Number 08/973,424. The date-stamped post cards are attached to Mr. Del Rio's Declaration, together with a complete copy of the application as filed.

On March 31, 1999 and November 18, 2002, Applicant submitted Information Disclosure Statements. Copies of the date-stamped postcards and Information Disclosure Statements are also enclosed.

Applicant filed a Status Inquiry Letter, copy attached, on June 13, 2000. Applicant filed a second Status Inquiry Letter on August 9, 2001 and the composition of the status Inquiry Letter on November 6, 2002 and the date of the status Inquiry Letter on November 6, 2002 and the status of the status Inquiry Letter on November 6, 2002 and the status of the status of

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It is earnestly requested that Officials of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office review this matter and determine the status of this application and thereafter issue an Official Filing Receipt.

Respectfully submitted,

STAAS & HALSEY LLP

Date: (lug 7, exc.)

1201 New York Ave, N.W., Suite 700

Washington, D.C. 20005 Telephone: (202) 434-1500 Facsimile: (202) 434-1501 By:

James D. Halsey, Jr. Registration No. 22,729





Docket No. 0392.1530

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of:)	
KARUBE, NORIO)	RECEIVED
Serial No.: 08/973,424) Group Art Unit:	MAY 1 8 2004
Filed: December 8, 1997) Examiner:	OFFICE OF PETITIONS
For: SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATIN	NG DEVICE)	

DECLARATION OF VICTOR DEL RIO

Honorable Commissioner of Patents & Trademarks Washington, D. C. 20231

Sir:

I, VICTOR DEL RIO, declare that:

- 1. I have been employed in the Docketing Department of the firm of Staas & Halsey since July 21, 1997, and my title is Manager of Docketing Department.
- 2. I am directly responsible for docketing all incoming USPTO correspondence, and for making note of such correspondence and the due date for any response due, by the Docketing Department.
- 3. During the regular course of business, the USPTO mail received at Staas & Halsey is first opened and date-stamped, and separated into a specific file. The USPTO mail file is then passed directly to me in the Docketing Department. I check each piece of USPTO mail against our Docketing database by docket number and serial number. Any USPTO correspondence which requires a response is docketed in our Docketing database. Only then is the correspondence passed to the responsible attorney.
 - 4. Attached hereto are copies of our Docketing database, for the above-identified application.
- 5. I further declare that all statements made herein of my knowledge are true, and all statements made herein on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements have been made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of

SN 08/973,424

- 2 -

Docket No. 0392.1530

Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statement may jeopardize the validity of this application and any patent issuing hereon.

VICTOR DEL RIO
(Docketing Manager)

Date 8-6-03

STIB ROC'S PET/PTO 1 1 AUG 2003

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Patent Information Print

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Docket No	0393,1530	Foreign Agent	
Country	United States	Oper Grp	
Case Type	Regular	Assignee No.3	
Relation Type	Original Filing	Assignee No.4	
Filing Type	National	Assignee No.5	
Filing Number		Techncl Editor	
Billing Attorney	Harry J. Staas	Client Ref No	FFA-1371
Original Atty	Harry J. Staas	Code #2	
Client\Division	AIWA INTERNATIONAL PATENT AG	Code #3	
Assignee No.1	FANUC LTD.	Code #4	
Assignee No.2		Code #5	
Client Refer. No.	FFA-1371	Code #6	•
Status	Filed	Code #7	
Prio Filing Dt	4/8/1996	Code #8	
Sub Stat		Add Prio Appln No	
Sub Stat Dt		Add Prio Fil Dt	
Priority Country		Add Pri App No	
Parent Filing Dt	4/8/1996	Add Prio Fil Dtl	
Prior Appln No.	110556/1996	Assig 1 Reel/Frame	
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Total Claims		Assig 2 Reel/Frame	
Ind. Claims		Record Date 2	
Serial #.	08/973,424	Intrntl Class	
Filing Date	12/8/1997	U.S. Class	
Patent No		No. of Pages	4
Issued Dt	•	Grp Art Unit	
Publication #		String	
Publication Dt		Verified	N
Entity Status		Customer	SNPP
Expiration Dt		Create Dt	6/24/1998
Conv Type		Update Dt	7/23/2003
Tax Base Dt	•	Update Tm	1514
Pat Proofing	•	Update User	VDR
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Actions

Update Type

Act Due Da	ate	11/12/2002	Last Resp Atty
DeadLn Dt		,	Inst Recvd Date
Comp Dt		11/13/2002	•

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Action		IDS	Filed		Patent	Proofer
Act Due	Date	2/5	/2003		Last R	esp Atty

Inst Recvd Date DeadLn Dt 11/18/2002 Comp Dt

(13) IDS, FORM PTO-1449 & COPIES OF JP 06-268289, JP 07-099 358, JP 04-259275 AND ENG TRANS, NO FEE ***

Action	Status Inquiry	Patent Proofer
Act Due Date	10/6/2003	Last Resp Atty
DeadLn Dt		· Inst Recvd Date
Comp Dt		

Act Notes APPLN FILED 12/8/1997**

Action	Status Inquiry	Patent Proofer
Act Due Date		Last Resp Atty
DeadLn Dt		Inst Recvd Date
Comp Dt	6/13/2000	
•		

Patent Proofer Last Resp Atty Action IDS Filed Act Due Date Inst Recvd Date DeadLn Dt

Comp Dt 3/31/1999

Act Notes tpo-1449, 2 refs., cpy of euro search rprt, no ck

Communication Filed Patent Proofer Act Due Date Last Resp Atty Inst Recvd Date DeadLn Dt

.OComp Dt

11/6/2002

Act Notes

(7) STATUS INQUIRY LTR, NO FEE **

Action

Status Inquiry

Patent Proofer

Act Due Date

DeadLn Dt

Last Resp Atty

Comp Dt

8/9/2001

Inst Recvd Date

Act Notes

SECOND STATUS INQUIRY***

Action

Act Due Date DeadLn Dt

Patent Proofer

Last Resp Atty

Inst Recvd Date

Comp Dt

Action

No Foreign Filing Needed

IDS Not Applicable

Patent Proofer

Last Resp Atty

Act Due Date DeadLn Dt

Inst Recvd Date

Comp Dt

Inventors

Inv Name

Assigned

KARUBE, NORIO

Inv Cd 1 Inv Cd 2

Text #2

Real #1

Inventor

Real #2

Inv Dt

ET AL

Inv Cd 1

Inv Name Assigned Text #2

Inv Cd 2

Inventor

Real #1

Real #2

Inv Dt

Title

Title

SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

Fax/Exprss Log

Trans Type

Incoming Fax

Comments

5-26-00 1 PGS RE-ACKN/REPLY

Trans Type

Express Mailed Recvd

11/13/2002 FED EX 8294 8955 3909 0409

Please return this card, indicating receipt date and Serial No., if applicable, of the following

Appln. Transmittal, Verified Translation, PCT Request, inary Amendment and check (\$930)

Applicant(s):

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

Title:

Serial No.:

To be assigned

December 8, 1997

Filing Date:

392.1530/JDH

Docket No.:

December 8, 1997

Due Date:



08/973424

Please return this card, indicating receipt date and Serial No., if applicable, of the following

PCT Appln. Transmittal, Verified Translation, PCT Request, Preliminary Amendment and check (\$930)

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

Applicant(s):

SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

Title:

Serial No.:

Filing Date:

To be assigned

December 8, 1997

392.1530/JDH

Docket No.:

December 80 Rec'd PCT/PTO 08 DEC1997

Due Date:

Please Date Stamp and return

THIRD STATUS INQUIRY LETTER





APPLICANT(S):

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

SERIAL NO:

08/973,424

CONFIRMATION NO.

TITLE:

SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

FILING DATE:

December 8, 1997

DOCKET NO:

392.1530/JDH:mbs

DUE DATE:

N/A





Docket No.: 392.1530/JDH

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application:

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

Serial No.:

08/973,424

Group: Unassigned

Filed: December 8, 1997

Examiner:

Unassigned

Title: SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

THIRD **STATUS INQUIRY LETTER**

Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Applicant respectfully requests the status of the above-identified patent application, Including an indication as to when the next communication can be expected.

Respectfully submitted,

STAAS & HALSEY LLP

Date: November 5, 2002

By:

James D. ⊬alsey, Jr. Registration No. 22,729

Suite 500

700 Eleventh Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20001 Telephone: (202) 434-1500

Please Date Stamp and return

SECOND STATUS INQUIRY LETTER

APPLICANT(S):

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

SERIAL NO:

08/973,424

CONFIRMATION NO.

TITLE:

SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

FILING DATE:

December 8, 1997

DOCKET NO:

392.1530/JDH:mbs

DUE DATE:

N/A





Docket No.: 392.1530/JDH

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application:

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

Serial No.:

08/973,424

Group: Unassigned

Filed: December 8, 1997

Examiner:

Unassigned

Title: SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

SECOND STATUS INQUIRY LETTER

Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Applicant respectfully requests the status of the above-identified patent application,

including an indication as to when the next communication can be expected.

Respectfully submitted,

TAAS & HALSEY LLP

Date: August 8, 2001

Suite 500 700 Eleventh Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20001 Telephone: (202) 434-1500

Halsey, Jr. Registration No. 22,729 Please return this card, indicating receipt date and Serial No., if applicable, of the following STATUS INQUIRY LETTER

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

Applicant(s):

SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

Title:

Unassigned

Serial No.:

December 8, 1997

Filing Date:

392.1530/JDH

Docket No.:

Due Date:

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Docket No.: 392.1530/JDH

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application:

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

Serial No.:

Unassigned

Group:

Unassigned

Filed: December 8, 1997

Examiner:

Unassigned

Title: SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

STATUS INQUIRY LETTER

Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Applicant respectfully requests the status of the above-identified patent application, including an indication as to when the next communication can be expected.

Respectfully submitted,

AAS & HALSEY LLP

Date: June 12, 2000

By:

James D. Halsey, Jr.

Registration No. 22,729

700 Eleventh Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20001 Telephone: (202) 434-1500 Please return this card, indicating receipt date and Serial No., if applicable, of the following

Information Disclosure Statement, Form PTO-1449, 2 refs., Copy of European Search Report, NO FEE

Applicant(s):

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

Title:

SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

Serial No.:

To be assigned

Filing Date:

December 8, 1997

Docket No.:

3921530/JDH

Due Date:

IDS, Form PTO 1449 & Copies of NO FEE

06-268289, JP 07-099358, JP 04-2592 and English translation,

APPLICANT(S):

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

SERIAL NO:

08/973,424

GONFIRMATION NO.

TITLE:

SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

FILING DATE:

December 8, 1997

DOCKET NO:

392.1530/JDH:mbs

DUE DATE:

February 5, 2003

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. Form PTO 1449 & Copies of JP 06-268289, JP 07-099358, JP 04-259275 and English translation,

FEE

PLICANT(S):

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

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SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

NG DATE:

December 8, 1997

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392.1530/JDH:mbs

E DATE:

February 5, 2003



Docket No. 392,1530/JDH

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE 973424

In re Patent Application of:

Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.

STIS Reg'd PCT/PTO 1 1 AUG 2003

Group Art Unit: To Be Assigned

Examiner: To Be Assigned

Hobdaki izi ilozi, di di.

Serial No.: To Be Assigned

Filed: December 8, 1997

For: SLAB TYPE SOLID-STATE LASER OSCILLATING DEVICE

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Honorable Commissioner of Patents & Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

In accordance with the duty of disclosure provisions of 37 C.F.R. §1.56, there is hereby provided certain information which the Examiner may consider material to the examination of the subject U.S. patent application. It is requested that the Examiner make this information of record if it is deemed material to the examination of the application.

- 1. Enclosures accompanying this Information Disclosure Statement are:
 - 1a. [X] Form PTO-1449.
 - 1b. [X] Copies of publications.
 - 1c. [X] An English language copy of search report(s) from a counterpart foreign application or PCT International Search Report.
 - 1d. [] Explanations of relevancy (ATTACHMENT 1(d), hereto) or English language abstracts of the non-English language publications.
 - 1e. [] List of Copending Applications (ATTACHMENT 1(e), hereto).
- 2. [X] This Information Disclosure Statement is filed under 37 C.F.R. §1.97(b) before the latter of three months after the U.S. patent application filing date or the first Office Action on the merits. Accordingly, no fee or certification is required.
- 3. [] This Information Disclosure Statement is filed under 37 C.F.R. §1.97(c) after the first Office Action on the merits, but before a Final Office Action or a Notice of Allowance.

(Check either Item 3a or 3b)

3a. [] The Certification Statement in Item 5 below is applicable. Accordingly, no fee is required.

Rev. 12/6/93 °1992, 1993 Staas & Halsey [Form-Post USPA filing]

[Page 1 of 3]

		3b.	[1	The 0.00 fee set forth in 37 C.F.R. §1.17(p); accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.97(c) is: [] endsed. [] to be charged to Staas & Halsey Deposit Account No. 19-3935.
				(/t	em 3b to be checked if any reference known for more than 3 months)
4. [1				nation Disclosure Statement is filed under 37 C.F.R. §1.97(d) after Final Office Action or Illowance, but before payment of Issue Fee.
		4a.	(]	The Certification Statement in Item 5 below is applicable. Accordingly, no fee is required.
		4b.	c §	onsi	tition to the Commissioner is hereby made under 37 C.F.R. §1.97(d) to request deration of this Information Disclosure Statement. The \$130.00 fee set forth in 37 C.F.R. 7(i)(1) is: enclosed. to be charged to Staas & Halsey Deposit Account No. 19-3935.
		The	Ce	ertific	eation Statement in Item 5 below is applicable.
5. [1				Statement (applicable if Item 3a or Item 4 is checked)
J. [,	Cert	1110	auoi	
					(Check either Item 5a or 5b)
		5a.	[]	In accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.97(e)(1), it is certified that each item of information contained in this Information Disclosure Statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement.
		5b.	[]	In accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.97(e)(2), it is certified that no item of information contained in this Information Disclosure Statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application or, to the knowledge of the undersigned after making reasonable inquiry, was known by any individual designated in 37 C.F.R. §1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement.
6. []	I	A co	nt	inuat	ion application under 37 C.F.R. §1.60 or §1.62 is concurrently filed herewith.
					(Check appropriate Items 6a, 6b and/or 6c)
		6a.	(]	A Petition to Withdraw from issue under 37 C.F.R. §1.313(b)(5) is concurrently filed herewith. A continuation application under 37 C.F.R. §1.62 after payment of the issue fee is proper in accordance with the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office's authorization in the Federal Register, Vol. 57, No. 12, January 17, 1992, at page 2032 (Reply to Comment 82).
		6b.	ĺ	1	Copies of the publications listed on Form PTO-1449 from prior application Serial No, filed on, of which this application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §120, have been omitted pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.98(d).
		6c.	[1	Copies of the publications listed on Form PTO-1449 which were not previously cited in prior application Serial No, filed on, of which this application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §120, are provided herewith.

Rev. 12/6/93 °1992, 1993 Staas & Halsey [Form-Post USPA filing]

7. []	This	s is a S	
	7a.	[]	This Supplemental Information Disclosing \$1.97(f) supplements the Information Disclosure Statement filed on A bona fide attempt was made to comply with 37 C.F.R. §1.98, but inadvertent omissions were made. These omissions have been corrected herein. Accordingly, additional time is requested so that this Supplemental Information Disclosure Statement can be considered as if properly filed on
	7b.	[]	This Supplemental Information Disclosure Statement is timely filed within one (1) month of the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office Notice under 37 C.F.R. §1.97(i).
8. [X]			nce with 37 C.F.R. §1.98, a concise explanation of what is presently understood to be the of each non-English language publication is:
			(Check Item 8a, 8b or 8c)
	8a.	[X]	satisfied because all non-English language publications were cited on the enclosed English language copy of the PCT International Search Report or the search report from a counterpart foreign application indicating the degree of relevance found by the foreign office. See U.S. Patent & Trademark Office's authorization in the Federal Register, Vol. 57, No. 12, January 17, 1992, at page 2031 (Reply to Comment 68).
	8b.	[]	set forth in the application.
•	8c.	[]	enclosed as an attachment hereto.
9.	this		ssioner is authorized to charge any additional fee required or credit any overpayment for nation Disclosure Statement and/or Petition to Staas & Halsey Deposit Account 35.
10.	to pa	atentab gn cou	on is made that the information cited in this Statement is, or is considered to be, material illity nor a representation that a search has been made (other than a search report of a nterpart application or PCT International Search Report if submitted herewith). 37 C.F.R. and (h).
,			Respectfully submitted,
			STAAS & HALSEY James D. Halsey, Jr. Registration No. 22,729
700 Elev Suite 50		Street,	N.W.
Washing	ton, E		001
(202) 43 Date: <u>Ma</u>			9

Rev. 12/6/93 •1992, 1993 Staas & Halsey [Form-Post USPA filing]

(Page 3 of 3)

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FORM PTO-1	449		U.S. DE	PARTMENT OF COMMERCE	ATTY. DOCKET			SERIAL	NO.
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LIS	T OF	REFERENCE	S CITED BY	APPLICANT	Nobuaki IEHISA, et al.				
2.					FILING DATE			GROUP	
	•	(Use several si	heets if neces	ssary) 	December	8, 1997		То В	Assigned
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1		
	EXAMINER	DATE CONSIDERED

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609; Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

United States Patent [19]

Segre

[56]

3,484,714

[11] 3,798,571

[45] Mar. 19, 1974

[34]	OVERCO	SER SYSTEM WITH MEANS TO ME THE POSITIVE LENS EFFECT BY THE THERMAL GRADIENT IN ER ROD
[75]	Inventor:	Joseph P. Segre, Acton, Mass.
[73]	Assignee:	American Optical Corporation, Southbridge, Mass.
[22]	Filed:	June 9, 1969
[21]	Appl. No.:	: 831,657
1511	Int. Cl	331/94.5 T H01s 3/05 earch 331/94.5, 94.5 T

References Cited

UNITED STATES PATENTS

Koester et al...... 331/94.5

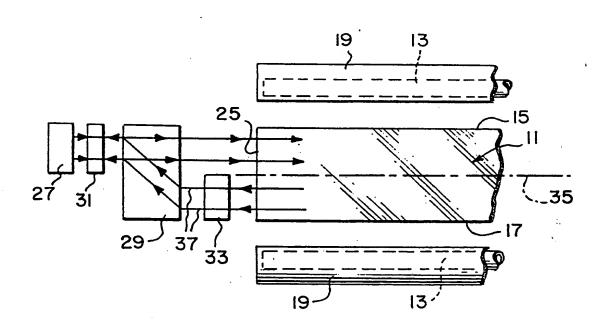
Primary Examiner—Ronald L. Wibert Assistant Examiner—V. P. McGraw Attorney, Agent, or Firm—William C. Nealon

[57]

ABSTRACT

In a glass laser system, the laser glass is in the shape of an elongated slab, which is excited by being irradiated through the larger sidewalls thereof. A calcite block plate in combination with quarter and half wave plates laterally shift the laser rays in the laser cavity to compensate for a positive lens effect caused by one dimensional thermal gradient in the laser glass. The calcite block and quarter and half wave plates also function to polarize the laser rays to have their E vectors parallel with the larger sidewalls of the slab.

14 Claims, 2 Drawing Figures



SLAB LASER SYSTEM WITH MEANS TO OVERCOME THE POSITIVE LENS EFFECT CAUSED BY THE THERMAL GRADIENT IN THE LASER ROD

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to glass laser systems and, more particularly, to a glass laser system with means to overcome the positive lens effect which arises from the 10 thermal gradient in the laser rod.

A conventional laser is excited to a state in which it will amplify light by periodically or continuously illuminating the rod with high intensity flashlamps. This excitation process is called pumping and the light which ex- 15 cites the laser material is called pump light. The light which the laser material amplifies is called laser light.

The pumping of a glass laser rod introduces heat into the rod approximately uniformly per unit volume 20 throughout the rod. Yet heat is extracted from the rod only from the surface of the rod. As a result, in a round glass laser rod of the conventional configuration having an external length much longer than its diameter, a radient results in a radial gradient in the index of refraction within the laser rod with the index being higher at the center of the rod than it is at the surface of the rod. As a result, the rod acts as a positive lens upon the laser center of the laser rod.

The focusing of the laser beam by the laser rod is undesirable because the volume in which the laser action takes place is reduced thus reducing the efficiency of the rod. Moreover, the spread of the laser beam pro- 35 duced by the rod is increased. In most laser applications, minimum beam spread is desired at the target receiving the laser beam in order to deliver maximum energy to the target. In addition, because of the positive lens action of the laser rod, the laser beam can collapse into a destructive filament as a result of self-focusing of the laser beam. Self-focusing of a laser beam causing the laser beam to collapse into a destructive filament occurs because the index of refraction in material, in general, is increased by the high intensity electric field present in the laser beam. The intensity of a laser beam is usually highest in the center and varies with a gaussian distribution from the center outwardly. As a result, the index of refraction in general will be higher at the center of the medium through which the beam is passing than it will at the edge. If the increase in the index of refraction with the electric field in the laser beam is high enough, the beam will collapse due to the resulting dynamic positive lensing effect into a diffraction limited filament. At this point, the power density in the laser beam will exceed the damage threshold of the material and a fine fossil record is left where the laser beam passes through the material. The self-focusing resulting in the laser beam collapse will occur at a much lower threshold when even a small amount of positive lens power is initially present in the material. Thus, the presence of the thermal radial gradient will lower the threshold at which this beam collapse occurs.

In the glass lasers of the prior art, a number of approaches have been employed to overcome the problem of thermal lensing such as introducing into the cavity negative lenses to counteract the positive lens effect

of the thermal gradient. This method of compensation has the disadvantage that it compensates for only one set of operating conditions. A zoom telescope could be used in the laser cavity to counteract the effects of ther-5 mal lensing but the telescope requires continuous resetting as the operating conditions change.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides an entirely different approach to the problem of thermal lensing. In accordance with the present invention, the laser glass instead of being in the shape of a round rod is in the form of an oblong slab which is pumped by means of flashlamps located opposite the larger sidewalls of the slab. As a result, the thermal gradient which is produced in the laser glass of the slab is approximately one dimensional in that it approaches the condition of having the locus of the maximum temperature in a plane parallel to the larger sidewalls of the slab passing through the middle of the slab. The temperature gradient decreases from the high temperature plane toward the larger sidewalls of the slab. As a result, the slab acts like a positive cylindrical lens tending to focus the laser light toward the dial thermal gradient is built up. The radial thermal gra- 25 high temperature plane in the middle of the slab. In accordance with the present invention, means are provided to cause the laser rays to pass alternately through opposite sides of the slab in a manner so that the rays near the central high temperature plane in one side of beam and operates to focus on the laser beam in the 30 the slab are near the large sidewall in the other side of the slab and vice versa. As a result, each ray passes through material of a relatively high index of refraction in one side of the slab and through material of a relatively low index of refraction in the other side of the slab and in this manner the lens power of the slab is cancelled out.

> In a slab laser, the minimum beam divergence is achieved for laser rays polarized so that their electric field vectors are parallel to the larger sidewalls of the slab. The ray transferring means also operates to transfer rays which do not have such polarization out of the cavity. Thus, the system of the present invention also reduces beam divergence in a slab laser system.

Accordingly, an object of the present invention is to provide an improved glass laser system.

Another object of the present invention is to overcome the problem of thermal lensing in a glass laser system.

A further object of the present invention is to provide a laser system in which the problem of thermal lensing is overcome.

A still further object of the present invention is to overcome the one dimensional thermal gradient that is 55 produced in a slab type laser system.

A further object of the present invention is to minimize beam divergence in a slab laser system.

Further objects and advantages of the invention will become readily apparent as the following description of a preferred embodiment unfolds and when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a schematic perspective view of the laser system of the present invention; and,

FIG. 2 is an enlarged plan view of a portion of the system shown in FIG. 1.

the desired polarization in the slab 11 will be present. Thus, the calcite plate 29 functions as a polarizer to limit the laser oscillation to those which provide minimum beam divergence.

Because the rays are laterally transferred by the calcite plate 29, the rays which are near the sidewall of the slab on one side of the slab will be near the center of the slab when travelling through the slab on the other side of the slab. Moreover, since each ray is laterally width, the distance that each ray is from the sidewall on one side of the slab will be equal to the distance that this ray is from the center plane 35 on the other side of

The flashlamps 19 in addition to exciting the laser 15 material of the slab 11 also introduces heat into the slab 11 substantially uniformly per unit volume of the slab. Heat, however, is removed from the slab only through the surfaces of the slab. Since the larger surfaces are the surfaces 15 and 17, most of the heat is removed 20 from the slab through these surfaces. This condition results in a thermal gradient being built up in the slab 11 which is approximately one dimensional perpendicular to the plane 35 with the locus of higher temperature being at the plane 35. The index of refraction of the 25 laser glass varies with the temperature, with the highest index of refraction being where the temperature is highest and the lowest index of refraction being where the temperature is lowest. Thus, the one dimensional thermal gradient in the slab 11 will cause a one dimensional gradient in the index of refraction of the slab 11 with the longest optical path being on the center plane 35 and the shortest optical paths being near the sidewalls 15 and 17. This gradient in the index of refraction will make the slab 11 act as a cylindrical lens tending to focus the laser light energy on the plane 35. However, because of the lateral shifting of the rays with the desired polarization provided by the calcite plate 29, whereby the rays which are near the sidewall of the slab 11 when passing through one side of the slab pass through the other side of the slab near the center of the slab and vice versa, all of the rays will travel substantially the same optical distance in the slab 11 after passing through both sides of the slab. Accordingly, the cylindrical lens effect of the slab for these rays is cancelled out. Thus, the problem of thermal lensing is overcome by using a laser rod in the form of a slab to achieve a cylindrical lensing effect and by using the calcite plate and the quarter and half wave plates to laterally shift the rays.

The above description is of a preferred embodiment of the invention and many modifications may be made thereof without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention which is defined in the appended claims.

I claim:

1. A laser system comprising an elongated slab of laser material having an axis of symmetry extending parallel to the longitudinal dimensions thereof, means to irradiate said slab with pump light through the larger sidewalls thereof, a reflector positioned opposite one end face of said slab to reflect laser rays travelling through said slab parallel to said axis back into said slab, and ray shifting means positioned opposite the 65 other end face of said slab to reflect laser rays travelling through said slab parallel to said axis back into said slab and to shift the rays which are near the center of said

slab to be near the sidewalls of said slab and vice versa.

- 2. A laser system as recited in claim 1 wherein said ray shifting means shifts each ray so that after being shifted such ray is the same distance from a larger sidewall of said slab that such ray prior to being shifted was from a center plane passing through the middle of said slab parallel to said larger sidewalls.
- 3. A laser system as recited in claim 1 wherein said transferred by an amount equal to one half the slab 10 ray shifting means shifts the rays from one side of said slab to the other, said sides of said slab being divided by a center plane passing through the middle of said slab parallel to said larger sidewalls.
 - 4. A laser system as recited in claim 3 wherein said ray shifting means comprises a second reflector facing said other end face of said slab, a calcite plate between said reflector and said slab oriented to laterally shift rays which are polarized so that their E vectors are perpendicular to said center plane, first polarization rotating means to rotate 90° the polarization of laser rays travelling parallel to said axis between said center plane and the plane of one of said larger sidewalls as such laser rays travel between said calcite plate and said other end face of said slab, and second polarization rotating means to rotate 90° the polarization of lazer rays travelling parallel to said axis between said center plane and the plane of the other sidewall of said slab as such rays travel from said calcite plate to said second reflector and back.
 - 5. A laser system as recited in claim 4 wherein said calcite plate laterally shifts the rays by an amount equal to half the thickness of said slab.
 - 6. A laser system as recited in claim 4 wherein said 35 first polarization rotating means comprises a half wave plate positioned between said calcite plate and said other end face of said slab and extending only from said center plane to the plane of one of said sidewalls, and wherein said second polarization rotating means com-40 prises a quarter wave plate positioned between said calcite plate and said second reflector.
 - 7. A laser system as recited in claim 4 wherein said second reflector is parallel to said end face and is coextensive only with the half of said end face between 45 said center plane and the plane of said other sidewall.
 - 8. A laser system as recited in claim 1 wherein said laser material is laser glass.
 - 9. A laser system as recited in claim 1 including 50 means to polarize the laser oscillations generated by said system to have their E vectors to be parallel to said larger sidewalls.
 - 10. A laser system comprising an elongated block of laser material having an axis of symmetry extending parallel to the longitudinal dimension thereof, means to pump said laser material in a manner to generate an approximately one dimensional thermal gradient in said block with the locus of high temperature being on a plane passing through the middle of said block parallel 60 to a pair of sidewalls of said block, a reflector positioned opposite an end face of said block to reflect laser rays travelling through said block parallel to said axis back into said block, and ray shifting means opposite the other end face of said block to reflect the rays travelling through said block parallel to said axis back into said block and to laterally shift the rays near said center plane to be near said sidewalls and vice versa.



SUPPLEMENTARY EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 97 91 4629

	Citation of document with in-	dication, where appropriate	Relevant	CLASSIFICATIO	N OF THE
ategory	of relevant passa		to claim	APPLICATION	
4	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF vol. 015, no. 229 (1 -& JP 03 066185 A 0 20 March 1991 * abstract; figure 3	E-1076), 11 June 1991 TOSHIBA CORP),	1-10	H01S3/06 H01S3/081	
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ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 97 91 4629

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cit	Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent fami member(s	ily)	Publication date
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Patent Abstracts of Japan

PUBLICATION NUMBER

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04-08-89

APPLICATION NUMBER

01202325

APPLICANT: TOSHIBA CORP;

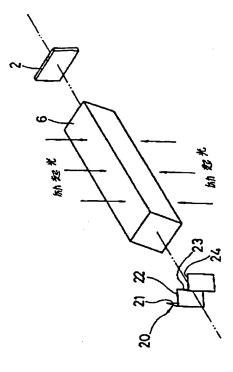
INVENTOR: YAMADA AKITAKA;

INT.CL.

H01S 3/08

TITLE

SLAB TYPE LASER OSCILLATOR



ABSTRACT: PURPOSE: To equalize the effect of temperature distribution exerted on the thickness of a slab laser medium and its lateral direction by allowing a high reflection optical system to have a rectangular bending reflecting interface, a crest-shaped top to locate on an optical axis, and a bending section to cross in a lateral direction of the slab layer medium.

> CONSTITUTION: A high reflection mirror 20 and an output mirror 2 constitute an optical oscillator and a slab laser medium 6 is installed on an optical axis. The high reflection mirror 20 comprises four flat plane mirrors 21, 22, 23, and 24, which are arranged in a W shape with an angle of 90°. The central position of the letter W is identical to the optical axis of the optical oscillator. When it is observed as the lateral direction of the slab laser medium 6 is observed, they are arranged to form the letter W. The plane mirrors 21, 22, 23, and 24 are a high reflection surface formed with a dielectric multi-layer film. The laser light travels back and forth between the output mirror 2 and the high reflection mirror 20 several times and output as a laser light 21. This construction makes it possible to correct the optical path difference produced by differential index of refraction or expansion induced by the effect of heat lens and further equalize the temperature distribution and minimize the effect of heat lens.

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⑩日本国特許庁(JP)

① 特許出願公開

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❸公開 平成3年(1991)3月20日

H 01 S 3/08

6940-5F 3/08 H 01 S

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審査請求 未請求 請求項の数 1 (全6頁)

❷発明の名称

スラブ型レーザ発振装置

②特 頭 平1-202325

願 平1(1989)8月4日

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1. 発明の名称

スラブ型レーザ発掘装置

2. 特許請求の範囲

断面が矩形に形成されかつ長手方向の両端部 にそれぞれ単さ方向に対して浙定角度の傾斜距が 形成されたスラブレーザ媒質と、このスラブレー ザ媒質を励起する励起手段と、前記傾斜面の一方 に対面して配置された出力光学系と、前記姫斜面 の他方に対面して配置されて前記出力光学系とと もに光共振器を構成する高反射光学系とを備えた スラブ型レーザ発展装置において、前記高反射光 学系は一対のほぼ直角の屈曲反射面を有し、前記 一対の屈曲反射面で作る山状の頂部が前記光共振 器の光轴上に位置しかつ前記光共振器の光軸を中 心にして2等分した各領域に前記屈曲反射面の屈 曲部が前記領域の中心線上に位置するとともに前 記風曲部が前記スラブレーザ媒質の幅方向に直交 するようにして前記屈曲反射面を対面させたこと を特徴とするスラブ型レーザ発振袋器。

3. 発明の詳細な説明

[発明の目的]

(産業上の利用分野)

本発明はスラブ型レーザ発掘装置に関する。 (従来の技術)

第4図はYAGレーザなどの固体レーザ発展 袋屋の構成図であって、かかる装置はロッド形状 に形成された固体レーザ媒質1を光共振器を構成 する出力ミラー2と反射ミラー3との光軸上に配 置し、かつ固体レーザ媒質1の側面側にKェアー クランプやXeフラッシュランプなどの励起用光 飯4、4を配置した構成となっている。又、同体 レーザ探貨1には熱が生じることから、この固体 レーザ媒質1の周囲には冷却水が流されている。 このような構成により励起用光級4、4により固 体レーザ媒質1が光励起されると、出力ミラー2 と反射ミラー3との間で光共振が生じて出力ミラ ー2からレーザ光5が出力される。

ところが、このようなレーザ発振装置では固体 レーザ似質1に熱が生じ、この熱の温度分布はほ

特開平 3-66185(3)

(実施例)

以下、本発明の一実施例について図面を参照 して説明する。なお、第5図と同一部分には同一 符号を付してその詳しい説明は省略する。

第1図はスラブ型レーザ発振装置の構成図であ り、第2図は外紋図である。同図において20は 高反射ミラーであって、この高反射ミラー20は 出力ミラー2とともにに光共振器を構成している。 そして、この光共振器の光軸にスラブレーザ巡査 6が配置されている。高反射ミラー20は、一対 のほぼ直角の顕曲反射面を有し、これら一対の屈 曲反射面で作る山状の頂部が光共振器の光軸上に 位置しかつ光共振器の光軸を中心にして2等分し た各領域に刷曲反射面の刷曲部がそれぞれ領域の 中心線上に位置するとともに組曲部がスラブレー ザ媒質6の幅方向に直交するようにして帰典反射 面を対面させた構成のもので、具体的には、4面 の平面ミラー21、22、23、24を2枚1組 例えば平面ミラー21と22、23と24により ほぼ巡角な各屈曲反射面を形成している。つまり

このようにしてレーザは出力ミラー2と高反射 ミラー20との間で複数回往役してレーザ光21 として出力される。

このように上記一変施例においては、スラブレーザ級質6内をレーザは反射しながら伝播するとともに光共振器を構成する出力ミラー2と芯反射ミラー20により光共

4面の平面ミラー21、22、23、24をW字状にそれぞれ 90°の角度をもって配置した構成をなって配置した構成でとなっている。そして、この高反射ミラー20はW字の中間位置と光共振器の光輪とが一致ら見なが向から見る方向を見る方向から見たいる。W字となるように配置されている。なお体多層で形成される高反射面となっている。

次に上記の如く構成された装置の作用について 説明する。

スラブレーザは質らが各助起光 ある。 4 に 質 6 が 各助起光 ある。 4 に 質 6 が 各助起光 で と が は は な の ラ ラ で 反射 き う と な が る の は な で 反射 き う と れ た な が な な か な か な な か ち な か ち な か ち な か ち な か ち な か ち な か ち な か ち な か ち な た で が は な の の が な な か ち な か ち な か ち な た で が は に つ い な な か ち な た で か け ら れ た 一 方 の 領域 に つ い な る か と 、 例 え ば 経路 a で ス ラ ブレーザ 終 な カ カ ス ば 経路 a で ス ラ ブレーザ 終 路 a で ス ラ ブレーザ 終 路 a で ス ラ ブレーザ 終 な か カ

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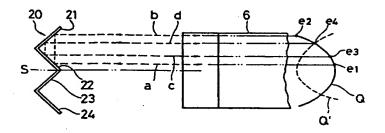
なお、本発明は上記一実施例に限定されるものでなくその主旨を逸脱しない範囲で変形しても良い。例えば、高反射ミラー20は直角三角状のプリズムを組み合わせた構成としても良い。...

[発明の効果]

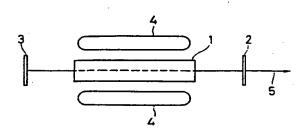
以上は記したように本発明によれば、厚み方

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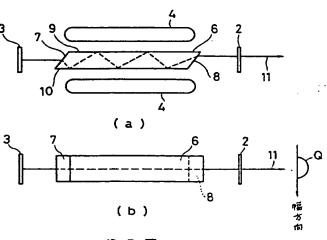
- 9 -



第 3 図



第 4 図



第 5 図



P.B.5818 - Patentlaan 2 2280 HV Rijswijk (ZH) © (070) 3 40 20 40 TX 31651 epo nl FAX (070) 3 40 30 16



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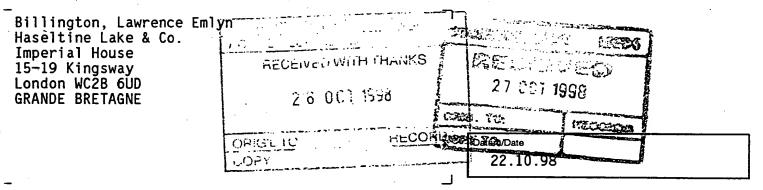
Zweigstelle in Den Haag Recherchenabteilung

Europear Patent O

Branch at The Hague Search

Office européen des brevets

Département à La Haye Division de la



Zeichen/Ref./Réf.

LEB/HL58514

Anmeldung Nr / Application No / Demande n° / Patent Nr / Patent No / Brevet n°.

97914629.7-2214-JP9701195

Anmelder/Applicant/Demandeur/Patentinhaber/Proprietor/Titulaire
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